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(54) Title: METHOD FOR PRODUCING CEPHALO E.	XPOSU	RES
(57) Abstract		
The invention relates to a method for taking cepha images by means of a horizontally directed scanning moti	lometri on and	c images. The method of the invention comprises taking cephalometric regulating the exposure level automatically.
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Method for producing cephalo exposures

The present invention relates to a novel, improved method for taking cephalometric images.

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In lateral cephalometric imaging, the skull of a patient is X-rayed from a lateral direction. At present, the cephalometric images are most commonly taken by using constant speed intensifier screens, as well as most commonly by using e.g. a variable-speed intensifier screen or digital image processing, whereby the exposure is performed in a normal fashion. One problem in this type of method is that the radiation level is not optimal as far as the patient is concerned. It has also been common to use a wedge-shaped filter between the patient and a radiation source for regulating the level of exposure in cephalometric imaging, as described, e.g. in US patents US-4641336 and US-5454023. One problem in this type of solution is a relatively complicated mechanical construction.

Thus, an object of the present invention is to provide a relatively simple method for taking cephalometric images, especially digital cephalometric images. In order to achieve this object, a method of the invention is characterized in that the method comprises taking cephalometric images by means of a horizontally directed scanning motion, and that the method comprises regulating the level of exposure automatically. In the scanning motion, the receiving detector travels horizontally along with the radiation beam.

In one embodiment of the invention, the radiation level is lowered in soft tissue regions through automatic control for obtaining a correct level of exposure for soft

tissues.

The automatic regulation of technique factors is preferably based on the amount of radiation transmitted through the patient. In digital imaging, the reception of radiation is effected, e.g. by using a CCD sensor or storage phosphor (CR) technology.

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One major benefit gained by a method of the invention is that the so-called lateral image requires no extra filtering in soft tissue regions, e.g. a filter wedge, since, when scanning within the region of soft facial tissues, the radiation level can be lowered by automatic control for obtaining a correct exposure level for soft 5 tissues. On the other hand, the automatics can be applied for using a higher exposure level for skeletal regions which are equally essential in terms of the measurements to be made, yet less transmissive to radiation.

In addition, according to a method of the invention, the high requirement for 10 dynamics, which is difficult to control in technical sense (low exposure level for soft tissue and high for bone tissues), can be "chopped" in terms of time and place and, thus, the problem can be solved in pieces. As compared with currently used image processing methods, in which it is necessary, for the above reasons, to manipulate the dynamics of the image, one benefit gained by the invention is the reduction of a radiation dose received by the patient.

As compared with the solution of using a filtering wedge, one benefit is e.g. a considerable reduction in the number of mechanical units, the omission of an installation adjustment, as well as a possibility for non-linear filtering.

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The automatic regulation of an exposure level can be effected by using a plurality of measurable quantities, together or separately; e.g. the amount of transmitted radiation, the position of a scanning radiation detector relative to the patient, and the location of patient positioning equipment. The shape of a regulation curve has also fewer restrictions than in the prior known implementations.

Claims

- A method for taking cephalometric images, characterized in that the method comprises taking cephalometric images by means of a horizontally directed scanning motion, and that the method comprises regulating the level of exposure automatically.
- A method as set forth in claim 1, characterized in that the exposure level is lowered in soft tissue regions under the control of automatics for obtaining a
 correct exposure level for soft tissues.
 - 3. A method as set forth in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the automatic regulation of technique factors is based on the amount of radiation transmitted through the patient.

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- 4. A method as set forth in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the automatic regulation of technique factors is based on the position of a scanning radiation detector relative to the patient.
- 5. A method as set forth in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the automatic regulation of technique factors is based on the location of patient positioning equipment.
- 6. A method as set forth in any of the preceding claims, characterized in that the imaging is performed by using digital imaging.
 - 7. A method as set forth in claim 6, characterized in that, in digital imaging, the reception of radiation is performed by using a CCD sensor system.
- 30 8. A method as set forth in claim 6, characterized in that digital imaging is performed by using storage phosphor (CR) technology.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/FI 99/00471

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC6: A61B 6/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC6: A61B, G03B, H05G Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPI, EPODOC C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ' Relevant to claim No. X FI 92974 B (ORION-YHTYMÄ OY), 13 December 1993 1-8 (13.12.93)X FI 100296 B (ORION-YHTYMÄ OY), 15 June 1997 1-8 (15.06.97)JP8019534(MORITA MFG CO LTD) 1996-05-31 1-8 A (abstract).(online)(retrieved on 1999-10-25). Retrieved from: EPO PAJ Database US 3808442 A (FRANCESCO POGGIO), 30 April 1974 1-8 A (30.04.74)Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered the principle or theory underlying the invention to be of particular relevance "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive "E" erlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other step when the document is taken alone special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other being obvious to a person skilled in the art document published prior to the international filling date but later than "&" document member of the same patent family the priority date claimed Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 28 -10- 1999 <u> 25 October 1999</u> Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Jack Hedlund/AE Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00 Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

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C (Continu	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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	A/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)	